

PRESIDENT CONFERS WITH JAPAN'S MINISTER

European Powers May Assist Him In Interests of Peace

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Shortly after nine o'clock to-night Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese minister, called at the White House by appointment. He was immediately received by the President, and a conference ensued. Following so closely upon the visit of Count Cassini, it is naturally inferred that the President took occasion to communicate to Takahira the views of Russia as communicated by Count Cassini at the conference with him yesterday.

Whether the visit had to do with the appearance of the Russian ships in Manila could not be learned. The minister returned from New York only this evening.

Europe May Co-operate.

Diplomatic activity at Washington today indicated that the European powers are prepared to actively assist the President in any effort he may make in the interests of peace.

It is learned tonight upon high authority that the German Emperor heartily shares with Roosevelt an early ending of the war. Neither Roosevelt nor the Emperor, however, are ambitious to assume the role of peace maker, although anxious to do what is possible to assist Russia and Japan to enter upon peace negotiations as soon as practicable.

Italy's King Willing.

From information received here it is believed that the King of Italy can be relied upon to cast his influence for peace, and a long conference of Baron Mayer des Planches, the Italian ambassador, yesterday afternoon with Cassini, after the latter's call at the White House is considered evidence of the activity of the king's envoy at Washington in the interests of peace.

Great Britain Concurs.

Ambassador Duran, the British ambassador, in a recent visit to the White House, placed the President in possession of the views of King Edward, who would welcome an early peace. The views of the French government are well known to be of a similar character.

A Conference Results.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—An important conference was held at the White House late this afternoon, the participants being President Roosevelt, Secretary Morton and Attorney General Moody. It related to the arrival today at Manila of the Russian cruisers, Aurora, Oleg, and Jemchug, and as to what disposition is to be made of them.

It was determined to await further information concerning the incident before any decision be reached.

All three cruisers took part in the naval battle of a week ago. Two of them, the Oleg and Jemchug, were supposed to have been sunk by the Japanese fleet.

May Be Interned.

What, if any, request Enquist may make concerning the disposal of the vessels is not known here. He may ask that they be interned until the end of the war, and expects that such request will be granted by the government.

It may be determined by this government that the ships must be interned as in the case of the Lena at San Francisco. The opinion in official circles is that the cruisers should be dismantled and held at Manila until the conclusion of hostilities, and that the request for such internment should come from the Russian government.

You can live without the Journal-Miner, but why should you?

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—The feeling of the admiralty against Nebogoff continues high, the majority of the naval authorities being deaf to the appeals of a few who insist that the admiral's action in surrendering the warships should not be condemned until the circumstances become fully known.

A Precedent Pointed Out.

The majority say they could forgive anything but the surrender, and point to a precedent in the case of the Russian warship Raphael, which in 1829 during the Russo-Turkish war struck her colors to three Turkish ships which surrounded it.

Nicholas I meted out terrible punishment to the officers and crew of the Raphael, ordering all of them shot after their exchange, and directing that if the ship was ever recaptured its infamous history should be blotted out by the total destruction of the vessel.

The Raphael, strange to say, was recaptured 34 years later during the Crimean war, a son of the captain who surrendered her taking part in the battle, and to this son fell the task of executing the dead emperor's orders to destroy her.

Should Serve Nebogoff Like-wise.

Many naval authorities declare the Emperor should reserve the same fate for Nebogoff. The Novoye Vremya has taken up the suggestion of Admiral Avellan, the head of the Russian admiralty department, that the disaster to the Russian fleet does not necessarily mean the collapse of the campaign in the far east, as a text for an article preaching a vigorous prosecution of the war on land to the bitter end.

Newspaper Suppressed.

The radical paper, the Suno-trechestva did not appear Friday, having gone beyond the privilege of criticism accorded to newspapers at this hour of the disaster to an extent which exceeded the patience of the authorities. The paper attempted to print over eleven columns of rabid criticism, and an anti-government tirade. A few copies were printed for private circulation, and they show but little but white paper divided by column rules, with one large space surrounded by a significant black border.

Ask Time for Repairs.

MANILA, June 3.—Rear-Admiral Train and Enquist are now conferring with reference to the Russian war ships which arrived here yesterday.

According to an unofficial report Enquist asks for fourteen days in which to repair, coal and provision the vessels. It is stated further that he claims the ships are unseaworthy, and damaged below the water line.

Train will probably appoint a board to investigate the condition of the vessels. Both he and Enquist are working in harmony.

Sailors Go To Hospital.

Forty-four of the most seriously wounded Russian sailors were removed today, and placed in the naval hospital at Cavite.

Enquist left the scene of the battle before it was finished, and did not learn the final details until he reached here.

Vice-Admiral Expected.

SHANGHAI, June 3.—Vice-Admiral Uru, with a Japanese naval squadron, is expected at Gutzlaff island, in Hangchow bay, today.

Adopt New Tactics in the Smith Murder.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The alleged murder of Geo. Smith in Jerome, which has been given detailed notice in the Journal-Miner during the past few days, seems destined to become a series of surprises. The Mexican Miranda who, after being brought here from Jerome, confined in the county jail, for several days, and then released, has again been arrested—this time alone, his wife being allowed her freedom for the time being.

Miranda was re-arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Merritt upon information telephoned here from Jerome by Assistant Prosecutor Pattee and Under Sheriff Neagle, both of whom are at the copper city assisting Deputy Owens in securing evidence.

All the Prescott officers are advisedly cautious in talking of the case, but it is known that new developments in the case have required that Miranda be kept in confinement, and away from the scene of the alleged crime. A quiet tip received yesterday from Jerome points to the fact that the county officials are not to have entirely fair sailing in securing evidence, of which they are now so industriously in search.

It has developed, so it is reported, that a clique of Mexicans of which Miranda is a member, have taken a hand in the matter, and that the search for evidence is now being balked in odd and mysterious ways that point to this lot of Mexicans being at work in the interest of the suspected men. It is supposed that the second arrest of Miranda is to prevent him getting in close touch with these friends rather than because of any new proof of his guilt.

Miranda, who is a surly appearing, undersized Mexican, will not be easily handled as a witness. He exhibits a stolid, unconcerned manner all the time, and when he was arrested yesterday for the second time, behaved in the same cunning, quiet way he has shown from the first.

The most clever attorneys in this section admit they have always failed to get a plain, straight statement from one of the lower class of Mexicans, and in the search for proof in this case every clue seems to lead to a mass of contradictions from which every possible effort is being made to get at the truth.

It will not prove surprising if further definite information is made public within a few days. A most thorough and careful inquiry is in progress, and those at work on the case feel confident of the ultimate success of their efforts.

OPENS A SANITARIUM.

Dr. Brizzell Quarters Invalids at Granite Dells.

Granite Dells is to no longer serve the people of Prescott solely as a pleasure resort, having been leased to Dr. B. W. Brizzell, a specialist in lung diseases, and converted into a sanitarium for consumptives. Quite a colony of invalids in various stages of the dread disease has already been founded, and it is expected that within a short time some twenty-five invalids will take up their quarters for the summer.

It is announced that the most careful sanitary regulations are to be enforced, and that visitors on pleasure trips need have no fear of contagion. The original lessee, James Adams, retains the amusement features at the Dells, which will be continued under his management.

EAGLES vs. O. K. HOSE TEAM.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

At the Prescott baseball grounds this afternoon the local lodge of Eagles will put a nine in the field against the team of the O. K. hose company. While it is not expected that the game will be a top-notch affair, the contestants are so evenly matched that a hotly contested game is expected, and friends of both teams are wagering small sums on the result.

Today's game, as it concerns the Eagles, is a try out for their nine in so far as it is to be shaped to meet the Phoenix team in a game set for next Sunday. The better posted followers of the game are inclined to think that the contest between the home team and the Phoenix lodge team will be one of the interesting events of the early summer, as both nines will be put in the field in strong form.

Nothing equals a wholesome beer as a beverage. The Voge Wholesale Liquor company are distributors of the leaders, Pabst, A. B. C., Anheuser-Busch, and M. and Z., in quarts and pints.

For sunburn and tan, Benzoin and Almond Cream is the best article on the market. Corbin and Bork will send you a bottle for 25c. Tel. 217. Hotel Burke druggists. tf

Goldfield Miner Says Law Is Faulty

W. H. Crocker, one of Goldfield's practical miners, writes to the Journal-Miner concerning the mining laws in the following language:

"Twenty-five years ago the prospector hunted our hills until he found a prospect that his judgment told him there was good pay in for him, and he went to work on the claim, took out ore and shipped it to the nearest market, and kept right on working and shipping. He was developing the camp, which soon proved whether or not it was good or vice versa. He did not care for other claims. This plan gave many other prospectors a chance to locate a good claim and work, as the first man in the camp had done. In this way the man who came into the camp a few months later had a chance to get a claim to work on. This custom soon opened up the camp, and was a benefit to the greatest number of people.

"The mining laws unfortunately as now framed give the first few men who happen to strike a new camp the privilege of hogging the whole country, as has been done in Bullfrog and Goldfield. Two men located some sixty claims and covered the whole of Lead mountain, and are now in a lawsuit over this vast territory with other parties, who claim to have been 'in' as a company of prospectors.

"Men have located twenty to thirty claims in Goldfield. This wholesale staking and locating is not for legitimate work, but is done for speculation. Many locations in this and the many different camps north, south, east and west of Goldfield do not attempt to follow the mining laws of the United States or state. The laws should be amended regarding the locating of claims, allowing one man the right to locate five claims in one district, and a fine of \$500 for locating in any other name than his own. The law might as well give the homesteader the privilege of staking as many homesteads as he chose to take for his relatives and friends as the mining laws give. A mining claim covers nearly twenty acres, and sixty to one hundred claims cover a whole township.

THE FASHION TAILOR.

A new departure for Prescott. Offers a great inducement to the gentlemen of Prescott in the organization of a SUIT CLUB limited to one hundred members. The suits may be selected from an assortment of five hundred samples, and are of the value of \$50 each. The most any member will be called upon to pay, under the most unfavorable circumstances, will be \$40.

The cloths are the very latest season's designs, and are the best fabrics in the market.

The Yavapai Cleaning and Pressing Club has also been established, where for \$2 per month gentlemen may have four suits of clothes dry cleaned and pressed, and delivered to any part of the city without additional charge.

Location in the Elks' Opera House, with the New CURIO, Tel. 345.

GOOD FORM IN WASHINGTON.

Copies of Treasury Decisions, the official journal of the Treasury Department, have reached the different bureaus of the department in New York. Included in the pamphlet, there is a long order, signed by Secretary Leslie M. Shaw, giving in detail just how the correspondence of the department must be carried on—just how to begin all letters and how to end them, what dictionaries and gazetteers are to be regarded as authorities in the spelling and meanings of words, and exactly how to fold the paper and put it in the envelopes.

It is also officially described, over the signature of Secretary Shaw, how the various officers of the government should be addressed in these communications. Among the higher officials the following are the forms Mr. Shaw desires used:

The President.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The President of the Senate.

The Chairman, Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives.

The Chairman, Committee on Appropriations, United States Senate.

The Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury.—New York Times.

RICH ORE OPENED.

Development work in the Lilac group of claims and mines in Turkey creek district discloses some rich ore. A new tunnel has recently been started which follows the ledge under a hill. This tunnel is now under cover about forty-five feet, and there is a pay streak fifteen inches wide. The ore carries gold, silver and copper. The main shaft is down 200 feet, and considerable drifting has been done. In all about 600 feet of good development shafts and drifts have been completed, all showing ore in paying quantities. At present there is some ore on the dump and enough in sight that can be stopped out very quickly to mill at least \$35,000.

SHEA UNDER ARREST FOR CRIMINAL LIBEL

President Of Teamsters Union Is Also Sued For Damages

CHICAGO, June 3.—Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, was arrested late this afternoon on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Robert J. Thorne, the assistant general manager of Montgomery Ward & Co.

Shea was arrested on a capias issued by Judge Berthea, of the United States district court, following the entering of a suit by Thorne, who in addition to making a charge of criminal libel, asks damages in the sum of \$25,000 from Shea.

The suit is based on interviews given out by Shea to the newspapers, and on statements said to have been made to the effect that he had been offered \$10,000 by Thorne to call a strike against the Sears Roebuck Company, which is the competing house to the Montgomery Ward Co.

Shea gave \$5,000 bonds, and was released.

Albert Young, the former president of the National Teamsters' Union, was also sued today by Albert J. Thorne, in the superior court for \$25,000 damages for alleged slander and criminal libel, the bill of complaint being the same as that against Shea.

CLAIMS TO BE WORKED.

Mammoth Group Bonded and to be Developed.

Last March J. H. Hise of Pasadena took a bond and working option on the mining claims known as the Mammoth group, in the Eureka district, and the deal has now been officially completed.

Hise has the option for eighteen months, agreeing at the end of that time to pay \$40,000 for the property if he decides to purchase.

The option calls for the payment of \$4,000 to Alex. Lucy, the owner, upon the completion of a 900-foot tunnel, which is to be constructed without unnecessary delay. In the event of purchase, \$18,000 is to be paid at the expiration of the first year, and a like sum six months later, which added to the first \$4,000, makes the total price \$40,000.

The agreement calls for work to be commenced not later than one month from signing papers, and details other important points with reference to handling ore. The group includes the Mammoth claim, the Whale, the Elephant, the Moocasin, and the Pasadena.

PUBLIC RECORDS.

Report of Instruments Filed With the Recorder.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

The following is the abstract of records compiled by the Prescott Title Company.

F. J. Christini and wife to J. M. Campbell, q. c. deed, lot 1, block 1, Rutledge add., Jerome; \$500.

Annie L. Tilton to B. Tilton, w. deed 1-2 of s. 29 1-2 of lot 3, blk 19, Prescott; \$5.

Alec. Lucy to John H. Hise, bond for deed, one year, Mammoth group of mines, Eureka dist.; \$40,000.

W. L. Greer locates three mines, Walker dist.

A. D. Cupples and Frank Lucas locate Gold Dollar No. 2 mine, Congress dist.

John F. James to James L. Congdon, m. deed, Big Lousey and Lost Trail mines, Walnut Grove dist.; \$1.

Peter Mackin to Joseph Mackin, m. deed, 1-4 int. in Webfoot mine, Hass dist.

James O'Connell to Peter Mackin, m. deed, Rose mine, Hass. dist.

WILL STAY HERE.

John Andrews Secures Lease of the Prescott Hotel.

A formal lease was yesterday given to John Andrews of the Prescott hotel by the owner of the property, M. Bartholdi. For some reason not understood there was a report in circulation that the present lessee was about to give up possession, and as a result a formal lease has been drawn and extended for three years, which will become a matter of public record tomorrow.

Inquiry develops that heretofore the present occupants have rented from the owner without any agreement other than as to the cost of such rental, and that a lease would be arranged at any time the occupants might wish it. During the past few days by reason of a new proposal for taking the place, the matter of a lease has been made of much importance, and settled by those concerned with the execution of such papers as will make the deal a binding one.

CAUSE OF SOCIALISM.

A prominent writer on economic subjects says, "Socialism is an intellectual force working through the minds of men in masses, and shaping public opinion. . . . When employers throttle workmen you find this socialistic force active among workmen. When some employers secure exceptional advantages and by forming trusts throttle other employers the socialistic force begins to influence the employing class. When trusts grow so powerful as to hold a state at their mercy, and the fact that they are doing it is patent, the socialistic forces gives an impulse to public opinion and socialistic reforms are vociferously demanded and promptly applied." This is true because all men incline to extremes. Demonstrate an evil in the existing system, and the majority are immediately ready to listen to the radical who advocates a complete overthrow of the prevalent order.

It is a far-seeing appreciation of these facts that led President Roosevelt to insist on the necessity of remedying the evils which are so apparent under the present system. He has seen, apparently far in advance of his contemporaries, that the uncontrollable rapacity of the railroads must inevitably lead to socialism in a more or less aggravated form; that the greed of the trusts would send men to the opposite extreme, where they would seek to ignore the rights of property and destroy the results which men have gained by years of legitimate industry. The all-important question of the present is "Will other leaders of the Republican party have the sagacity to perceive the significance of the growth of socialism and will they, so perceiving, lay the axe to the root of the evil by eradicating those abuses which are not the product of, but excrescences on a Republican form of government.

That proper control of capital, of industry and of transportation companies constitute the correct and the only legitimate and just antidote for radicalism in all its forms is the gospel of Theodore Roosevelt. Will the intelligent people of the United States uphold his hands or will they scoff at his proposed reforms and turn a deaf ear to his warning, until it is too late?

Your mail orders promptly attended to, everything in the drug line. Corbin & Bork, Hotel Burke, druggists, p. o. b. 166. 4-26 tf

Fresh stock of seeds of all varieties at Brisley Drug Co.'s. They pay the postage on seeds. 2-7 tf